



## Introduction to Networking

### Lesson Plan: Class 02 / DL / 20



<b>Overall goal of the lesson</b>	Children will learn about computer network.
<b>Prior knowledge required</b>	Knowledge of the concept of a network (done in Std. 1)

**MODULE 1:**      **Module time:** 35 minutes

<b>Goal:</b>	To explain in detail the concept of network. Explain how computer network is formed.
<b>Description:</b>	Children will learn more about networking.
<b>Material required:</b>	<b>Physical:</b> 1. One copy of the worksheet (Introduction to Networking) per child. 2. Writing material to solve the worksheet: pencil and eraser. <b>Electronic:</b> PPT Presentation for Introduction to Networking
<b>Procedure Details:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Start the class by asking children how they came to school today.</li><li>2. Some will say by road, by bus, by car. Now tell them that they used different roads to reach school.</li><li>3. Further tell them that the roads are all connected to each other.</li><li>4. These interconnected roads form a "Network of Roads".</li><li>5. Thus explain them that two or more points connected together form a network.</li><li>6. Ask them if they can think of any such examples of network. Wait for an answer.</li><li>7. Now tell them how spider web forms a network with interconnecting threads.</li><li>8. Now explain them that computers are also connected with each other.</li><li>9. Ask the students if they know how are the computers connected. Wait for an answer.</li><li>10. Explain to the students that the computers are not actually connected with wires. Instead a computer is connected using a special device called switch which connect to the Internet using wires.</li><li>11. These interconnected computers form a computer network.</li><li>12. The largest connected network is called Internet.</li><li>13. Show them pictures of wires, routers and switched</li><li>14. Further tell them that computers can also be connected without wires using W-Fi.</li><li>15. Explain them that we can connect different devices to a network. We can connect printer to one computer on a network and then all other computers on a network can use that device.</li><li>16. We can also connect other devices like scanners, fax machine to the network.</li><li>17. This concludes the teaching part. Now assess the students on the knowledge they gathered during the lecture.</li></ol> <p>Ask them the questions from the Assessment slide.</p> <p>What is a computer network?</p> <p>How are computers connected to each other?</p> <p>What is the largest computer network called?</p>